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**INDONESIA EXISTENCE IN RUSSIAN FOREIGN POLICY: THE NARRATIVE IMPACT AND FUTURE PROSPECTS**

***Abstract,*** The purpose of the article is to analyze current Russian policy toward Indonesia and to examine prospects for the future development of Russia-Indonesia relations.Indonesia and Russia relations in the past actually is so good under Indonesia first president Soekarno but it is stop due to Indonesia's enforced [anti-communist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anti-communist) policy under Suharto, following the [1965 coup attempt and mass killings](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/30_September_Movement) and right now both parties move towards the better cooperation. The main value of Southeast Asia for Moscow lies in its image-building strategy, with the West as the primary audience. This will focus on three parts such as economic, culture and security relationship. How the way to increase their bilateral relation and bring positive impact for both parties. Indonesia as one of the main actors in ASEAN is often regarded as the paragon case of successful regional security cooperation and attributes its achievement to economy, social-cultural and political-security. In the recent years Indonesia try to create many external relationwith another country and Russia is one of them To analysis the Russia-Indonesia relations from the point of view of cultural interaction. It argues that despite optimistic official rhetoric, Russian policy in the Asian dimension is not balanced and there is no clear strategy to improve Russia’s place in the region. In the conclusion it will answer the research problem that it is true Russia foreign policy move to South East Asia and Indonesia is one of the main actors who get influences by that movement.

**Keywords: Indonesia, ASEAN, Russia, economic, culture, security**